88-826 DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY HOMEWORK SET 3

1. Let K be a field, let V be a vector space over K, and let $\Lambda(V)$ be its exterior algebra. Thus for any 1-form $v \in \Lambda(V)$, we have $v \wedge v = 0$. Prove that if the characteristic (me'afyen) of K is different from two, then $v \wedge w = -w \wedge v$ for all 1-forms $v, w \in \Lambda(V)$.

2. Prove that every decomposable (simple) 2-form η on \mathbb{R}^4 satisfies $\eta \wedge \eta = 0$.

3. Let $A \in \Lambda^2(\mathbb{R}^4)$ be defined by the formula

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$$A = e_1 \wedge e_2 + e_3 \wedge e_4. \tag{0.1}$$

Prove that $A \wedge A \neq 0$, and conclude that A is not decomposable (simple).

4. Thinking of the symplectic form A on \mathbb{R}^4 as the imaginary part of a Hermitian inner product, prove that the comass norm of A equals 1.

5. Consider the standard flag (degel) in \mathbb{C}^4 , and consider the corresponding decomposition of \mathbb{CP}^3 into cells (ta'im). Let e^4 be the 4-dimensional cell of the decomposition. Prove that its closure in \mathbb{CP}^3 is a copy of \mathbb{CP}^2 .

6. On the unit circle S^1 , consider the standard 1-form traditionally denoted $d\theta$. Prove that $d\theta$ is not a coboundary, i.e. it is not in the image of the differential $d : C^{\infty}(S^1) \to \Omega^1(S^1)$. (Hint: use Stokes' theorem.)

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