

88826 Differential geometry 2015 targil 3

1. This problem deals with flows on manifolds.
 - (a) Define the notion of a flow $\theta(t, p)$ on a manifold M .
 - (b) Define the notion of an infinitesimal generator X of the flow θ .
 - (c) Prove that a vector field on a manifold is invariant under its flow θ_t .
2. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a real function.
 - (a) State the definition of the *microcontinuity* of a function *at a point*, and express the property of *continuity of f on its domain D_f* assuming $D_f = \mathbb{R}$, in terms of microcontinuity.
 - (b) Express the property of uniform continuity of f on its domain D_f , assuming $D_f = \mathbb{R}$, in terms of microcontinuity.
 - (c) Analyze the behavior of $f(x) = x^2$ in terms of microcontinuity and uniform continuity.
 - (d) Given a continuous function f on $[0, 1]$, define a hyperfinite partition and use it to prove the extreme value theorem for f .
3. Let \mathbb{C} be the field of complex numbers. Let $A \subset \mathbb{C}$ be the subfield consisting of all points of the form $a + ib$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{Q}$.
 - (a) Give a detailed definition of the structure ${}^*\mathbb{Q}$ of hyperrational numbers in terms of a nonprincipal ultrafilter $\mathcal{F} \subset \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$.
 - (b) Determine whether ${}^*\mathbb{Q}$ contains nonzero infinitesimals, and if so provide an example.
 - (c) Let ${}^*A = \{a + ib : a, b \in {}^*\mathbb{Q}\}$. Let $I = \{a + ib \in {}^*A : \text{st}(a) = 0, \text{st}(b) = 0\}$. Let $B = \{a + ib \in {}^*A : a \text{ is finite, } b \text{ is finite}\}$. Determine whether the quotient B/I is isomorphic to either of the structures $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, A$ or their natural extensions ${}^*\mathbb{N}, {}^*\mathbb{Z}, {}^*\mathbb{Q}, {}^*\mathbb{R}, {}^*\mathbb{C}, {}^*A$.
4. Let \mathcal{F} be a nonprincipal ultrafilter on \mathbb{N} , and ${}^*\mathbb{R}$ the corresponding hyperreal line.
 - (a) Consider a sequence $\mathcal{A} = \langle A_n \subset \mathbb{R} : n \in \mathbb{N} \rangle$ of subsets of \mathbb{R} . Give a detailed definition of the internal subset $[\mathcal{A}] \subset {}^*\mathbb{R}$.
 - (b) Specify when a hyperreal $u = [u_n] \in {}^*\mathbb{R}$ belongs to $[\mathcal{A}]$.
 - (c) Consider the sequence $\langle 1, 2, 3, \dots \rangle$ and let H be the corresponding hyperreal. Determine whether the set $[0, H] = \{x \in {}^*\mathbb{R} : 0 \leq x \leq H\}$ is internal, and if so describe it by a sequence of sets as in part (a).
 - (d) Determine whether the set $\{x \in {}^*\mathbb{R} : 0 \leq x \leq \pi\}$ is internal, and if so describe it by a sequence of sets as in part (a).